

RADICALS BALK ON REFUNDING OF 2S

Glass-McAdoo Amendment to Currency Bill Arouses Opposition.

WOULD PROTECT HOLDERS

One Committeeman Thinks Two or Three Banks Have Entire Issue.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Another obstacle was encountered in the consideration of the banking and currency bill today when certain radical Democrats from the West opposed a provision offered by Chairman Glass protecting the rights of holders of the 2 per cent. government bonds now used as a basis for national bank circulation.

Mr. Glass offered an amendment to section 20 of the bill providing for the refunding of the 2s on a 3 per cent. basis, the refunding process to cover a period of twenty years, the 2 per cent. bonds to remain in circulation until retirement to retain the circulating privilege which is a part of the contract.

The Glass amendment does not differ in purpose from the provision of the pending bill, but it made it plain that until the bonds were retired none of the rights attaching to them should be impaired. It has been the fear of the impairment of these rights that has depressed recently the quotation for these bonds.

Discussion Is Spirited.

Section 20 and the amendment offered by Mr. Glass aroused a spirited discussion among Democrats of the Banking and Currency Committee. Western Democrats opposed the section and amendment, although they failed to offer substitutes.

They seemed to be of the opinion that the refunding process would result in a gift of millions of dollars to favored individuals, and the statement was made by one Democrat that practically all the \$20,000,000 2s now outstanding are controlled by two or three banks in New York.

A member insisted that before he would assent to action on section 20 or the Glass substitute he would insist upon an inquiry to determine just who holds the 2 per cent. bonds. It was pointed out to this member that such an inquiry would consume a lot of time and there would be difficulties in the way that might make it impossible of accomplishment. Nevertheless this Democrat persisted, and present indications are that his obstinacy will delay an agreement among the Democratic committeemen.

McAdoo Is Blamed.

A Democratic leader said to-night that the trouble among the House committeemen is due almost entirely to the lack of tact on the part of William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury. Radicals on the committee have gained the impression that Secretary McAdoo was the Glass-Owen bill and that he is detaching the amendments introduced from day to day by Chairman Glass and other Democrats in sympathy with the plans of the Administration.

Last week Secretary McAdoo issued a statement intended to be reassuring to the holders of the 2 per cent. bonds, many of whom believed that the circulating privilege was to be taken from these securities without reimbursement in the way of an increased interest rate. Mr. McAdoo insisted that the bondholders were error and the committee of the bill and announced that an amendment would be offered clarifying the language of the bond refunding provision. This was the amendment presented to-day by Chairman Glass.

Radical Democrats insist that the Secretary of the Treasury shall keep his finger out of the public credit. They believe that unless Secretary McAdoo holds himself in the background the cause of banking and currency reform will be injured.

Two Are Hostile.

There are two members of the committee who are bitterly hostile to Mr. McAdoo and they are inclined to balk at any proposal that he may make. They are Representatives Ragland of South Carolina and Wingo of Arkansas. It is altogether probable that Secretary McAdoo will be asked, if he has any suggestions to make about the bill in the future, to communicate them to the proper persons without giving them publicity.

They declare that what appears to be executive dictation may have worked all right in the case of the tariff, but that in the case of banking and currency it has served only to stir up trouble and controversy.

It was learned that the opponents of the refunding plan did not offer any concrete proposal as a substitute. They merely objected, and their objections appeared to be based on a suspicion that a gift of a large sum was to be made to agents of the "money devil."

Up to to-day House leaders had been in a very hopeful frame of mind over the banking and currency situation and had expected that an agreement on the bill might be reached by the end of the week.

The Amendment.

The Glass-McAdoo amendment, which protects the rights of the holders of the 2 per cent. bonds, is as follows: Upon application of any holder of 2 per cent. bonds of the United States bearing the circulating privilege the Secretary of the Treasury shall exchange such bonds for 3 per cent. bonds of the United States without the circulating privilege payable twenty years from date of issue and exempt from Federal, State and municipal taxation both as to income and principal, but not more than 5 per cent. of such outstanding 2 per cent. bonds shall be redeemed in any one year. Every national bank may continue to apply for and receive from the Comptroller of the

U. S. PANAMA 2S DOWN TO 97.

Sold Yesterday at the Lowest Price in Their History.

The United States Panama 2 per cent. bonds sold yesterday at 97 and interest, the lowest price in their history. A small block of 1890 2 per cent. bonds sold at 98 1/2. The bid price of a \$10,000 block was 98. There were a few transactions at 98 and 98 1/2, but the outside market was thin.

The low price for the Panama 2s establishes the price of the bonds below the level reached prior to the announcement of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo that was designed to hold the price up. The lowest price that had been paid up to that time was 98.

TWO MAY BE INDICTED.

Belief That Grand Jury Will Name Lamar and Another.

There is the strongest belief in the Federal Building that the Grand Jury investigating the acts of David Lamar, the Wall Street adventurer, will return two indictments. Edward Lauterbach, Lamar's friend and associate, has not been permitted to testify before the Grand Jury.

The indictment against Lamar is expected to come under the law forbidding the personation of an officer or employee of the United States Government. The testimony already brought out shows that Lamar represented himself over the telephone to be at various times Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania and Representative Riordan of this city.

The United States District Attorney has information that the other man against whom an indictment may be found solicited a fee after one of Lamar's personations.

The only witness before the Grand Jury yesterday was James Corrigan, a newspaper reporter, who was asked where he had obtained information as to Grand Jury proceedings.

CUBAN PAPERS TURN TO GOV. ASBET'S DEFENCE

Rumor Friends of Riva's Alleged Slayer Have Bought Up Press.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

HAVANA, July 14.—President Menocal and the members of the Cabinet held a conference to-day and decided to issue a call to-morrow for the Senate to assemble and receive the decree suspending from office Gov. Asbet, who is charged with the murder of Gen. Riva, the police chief. The Supreme Court is still considering the change in the indictment against Asbet and Arias as proposed by the Fiscal. This proposal is to allow the trial to proceed without awaiting the consent of Congress.

The friends of the indicted men are now accused of trying to give the crime a political aspect, which would be a point in favor of the assassins. There is a rumor that Gov. Asbet's friends have already contributed \$25,000 to buy up the newspaper opinions, and this seems to be confirmed by several papers. Gov. Asbet in an interview to-day said he was the victim of political persecution.

A report that Senator Vidal Morales, who was in the automobile with Asbet and Arias at the time of the shooting but who is not in jail, was about to flee the country caused the police to keep an extraordinarily close watch on the wharves to-day, but the indicted Senator was found at a hotel.

Representatives Julian Betancourt and Sagara, the most rabid of the Asbetistas, held a meeting with some of their followers in a vacant house this afternoon. It is believed that some sort of a conspiracy is being hatched.

City Councilmen Lopez and Clarena had arranged to fight a duel to-day because of a heated debate between them in the Council over the killing of Gen. Riva. The secret police learned of the affair, however, and prevented the meeting. Both men were arrested.

LAND O' DREAMS NOT BAD PLACE.

No Crime for Assemblyman to Say He Would Send a Man There.

Assemblyman Howard Sulphur was in the Jamaica police court yesterday because William Campbell said he used threatening language to him. The Assemblyman's words, Campbell told Magistrate Fitch, were that he would send him "to the land of dreams."

The magistrate decided that it was not actionable to threaten a man with "the land of dreams," and the Assemblyman was discharged without having to say a word.

MEARS DELAYED BY WASHOUT.

Siberian Express Carrying "Evening Sun" Globe Trotter Held Up.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

SEKATERBOURG, Russia, July 14.—John Henry Mears, who is making a record breaking trip around the world for The New York Evening Sun, arrived here on time this morning, but he is held up by a washout on the road.

Mr. Mears is not at all discouraged by this misfortune on the thirteenth day of his trip and started out in a handcar to the scene of the washout. There he is trying to hurry up the men who are making repairs. He hopes to be able to resume his journey in the morning and is confident that the lost time will be made up between here and Vladivostok.

The railway officials have assured him that this will be done. The train was crossing the Ural Mountains and received news of the washout on its arrival at this station. John Hutchins, an American mining engineer, who is on the train, is rendering valuable assistance to the consulting engineer to the Czar who is solving the problem of getting the train around the washout.

Mr. Mears is threatened with trouble about his passports on his arrival at Vladivostok. He will have but an hour in which to have them fixed.

If you wish to visit the place where the train was held up, see our report on page 13.

THREATEN TO MARCH ON BULGAR CAPITAL

Greeks and Serbs Want Peace Signed on the Battlefield.

ENGLAND WON'T STEP IN

King Ferdinand in Statement Denies Reported Bulgarian Atrocities.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, July 15.—The statement of Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons last night that Great Britain would take no steps to impose peace on the Balkan allies fairly covers the situation in the near East.

Fighting seems to have ceased, although tales of Bulgarian atrocities continue to come in. These are vigorously denied by King Ferdinand in a statement published here.

The Rumanian operations in Bulgaria have so far been bloodless for the very good reason that the Rumanian army finds nothing opposing it.

The Turkish Ambassador at Vienna is credited with the statement that the Turkish advance will not be beyond the Enos-Midia line, which includes the territory left to Turkey by the London treaty of peace, and that Turkey in any case does not want another war.

Despatches received here announce the departure of Premier Venizelos of Greece from Doiran on his way to Nish in Serbia, where he is to meet M. Pasich, the Serbian Premier, and it is presumed that the meeting is for the purpose of conferring regarding the terms on which their Governments are prepared to make peace, which, according to an Athens despatch to the Daily Telegraph, are: "Sign peace on the battlefield or otherwise push the war into Sofia itself."

King Ferdinand's Statement.

King Ferdinand in a statement published in the London Evening News, says:

"The stories and reports which the Greeks and Servians have been circulating in Europe concerning alleged outrages committed by my troops upon the Greek and Servian populations in Macedonia are absolutely unfounded and are published with the object of creating a bad impression."

"Systematic attacks and persecutions have been directed against the Bulgarian element in Macedonia by the Servians and the Greeks. The districts of Kastoria, Florina and Vodena have been cleared of all well educated men, and the prisons of Salonica are overflowing with innocent Bulgarians. Great numbers of Bulgarians have been transported from their homes in the country to Greece and to the islands in the Aegean Sea. . . . The same cruel regime has been applied to the Bulgarians in the regions occupied by the Servians. The purely Bulgarian town of Kukush has been completely burned by the Greek troops."

Thousands of refugees, King Ferdinand concludes, are arriving in Sofia. "I have terrible accounts of the horrible deeds committed by the Servians and the Greeks. The Bulgarian Government is ready to come to an international inquiry which will enlighten the world concerning the stories of these excesses."

Sir E. Grey's Explanation.

Sir Edward Grey in repudiating the suggestion that Great Britain should intervene in the Balkans said:

"It must be obvious to every one that mere words from the outside can have no effect on the situation, which is this: 'Bulgaria has appealed to Russia to secure cessation of hostilities. Greece and Servia are willing to agree to this cessation, as to the conditions of which I am not fully informed, but they insist that Bulgaria shall accept them.'"

"In regard to the Turkish advance, we are assured that it is the intention of the Ottoman Government to occupy only the territory to the boundary line which was agreed on in the treaty of peace signed by the Balkan States with Turkey. Up to the present no exception has been taken to this action by Turkey."

"The best prospect which I can put before the House is that the war which has been proceeding is so horrible and exhausting that it should not last long. Its mere intensity should bring it to a conclusion. I see every prospect of the Powers continuing in touch with each other to overcome any complications in the future as they have done up to the present time."

Replying to a question in the House this afternoon Mr. Asquith, Parliamentary Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said the Government had received the specific account sent out by Greece of atrocities which it was alleged had been committed by the Bulgarian troops.

It was impossible, he said, for the Government to investigate all the charges and countercharges that had been made in regard to these atrocities. It could do no more than record its deep regret at these occurrences and the painful impression which they had produced.

ROBBED SERES CONSULATES.

Bulgars Said to Have Attacked Neutral Residences.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The Greek legation gave out to-night the following official message received from Salonica: "Supplementary information from Seres says that two-thirds of the city was burned to the ground. The Bulgarian soldiers robbed the houses of the foreign subjects even though the latter had hoisted their national flags for protection."

"About 11 o'clock, P. M. Bulgarians knocked on the door of the Austrian consulate. The Consul, dressed in uniform, declared 'this is a consulate.' To this the Bulgarians answered that

GUILLESS YOUTH SEEKS DEATH.

Tells Drug Clerk His Design, and Is Fooled With Harmless Dose.

A young man who says he is Louis Miller, 21 years old, of 15 Twenty-second street, Chicago, appeared in Hirschfeld drug store on Park street, New York, yesterday afternoon and asked Henry Griess, the clerk, for carbolic acid.

"What do you intend to use it for?" inquired the clerk.

"Well, to tell you the truth, I'm going to end my life with it," replied the stranger.

"All right," said the clerk, "I'll fix you up." He then prepared a harmless mixture, which he turned over to the man, who walked from the store to a vacant lot. There he lay down, took a dose of the stuff and covering his face with his handkerchief awaited death.

Griess informed Policeman Timony of the visit of the stranger. Timony went to the lot and found Miller.

"Come on with me," said the policeman.

"Oh, go away and don't bother me," said Miller. "Can't you see that I've taken poison and will soon be dead?"

"Can't you take a joke?" said Timony. "That stuff is not poison." He took the man to the lockup, and this morning he will be arraigned before the Recorder.

JUGGLE COURT RULES IN CORNWALLIS-WEST SUIT

Divorce Case Comes Up To-day—Placed Ahead of 100 Similar Actions.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, July 14.—The divorce suit of Mrs. George Cornwallis-West, formerly Miss Jennie Jerome of New York, did not come up for a hearing to-day. It will be called to-morrow.

As a result of a secret application in chambers Justice Evans, contrary to the rules of the court, allowed the action to be placed on the list of undetermined suits ahead of 100 similar actions. It does not appear in the printed register, which indicates that the strongest pressure has been brought to bear from the highest quarters.

The case is entered at the bottom of the court list without a distinguishing number, simply as "J. West vs. G. F. M. C. West." The hearing is fixed for late to-morrow evening and was deliberately arranged to prevent the London evening papers from printing anything about it.

People "in the know" gravely comment on this maneuvering as a scandal of the English court. No correspondent is aware of which is another instance of the influence through which the mention of the woman's name is avoided.

The fact that the respondent has not complied with the court's order of last March for the restitution of his wife's conjugal rights will prove Mrs. Cornwallis-West's charge of desertion.

NO COHALAN GRAND JURY.

Whitman Decides That Charges Don't Warrant Prosecution.

There will be no Grand Jury investigation of the Connolly accusations against Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan. Intimations from Albany that such an inquiry would be made were shown yesterday to have no basis. Justice Cohalan, who was under a study of the Connolly charges made up his mind that there was nothing in them to warrant a criminal prosecution. The District Attorney saw that there was no evidence obtainable except from alleged accomplices; and that it was doubtful if any of the acts charged fell within the meaning of criminal statutes.

Justice Cohalan and his counsel have remained silent. To-morrow night the sub-committee of the joint judiciary committee is expected to report to the Legislature that the Connolly charges were baseless.

Judge Cohalan will sail for his country home in Ireland the latter part of this week.

CLARA MORRIS'S HOUSE SOLD.

Movie Dramas to Be Enacted Where Actress Lived 35 Years.

YONKERS, July 14.—The Pines, which has been the home of Clara Morris for thirty-five years, has been sold and will be turned into a moving picture studio. The house, surrounded by four acres of grounds overlooking the Hudson, was bought by the actress when she was on the stage. She and her husband, Frederick C. Harriott, have lived in the house since their marriage.

When married, Clara Morris was a friend and admirer of the actress, now blind, raised enough money to pay off the mortgage on the place.

The property has been sold to the Reliance Motion Picture Company. Workmen to-day began to erect an outdoor stage and by the end of the month Miss Morris and her husband will go to an old house she owns at Whitestone, L. I.

MURDER ON SAINT'S DAY EVE.

Bloodshed in Little Italy Under Bright Lights and Gay Banners.

Up in Little Italy, resplendent with electric illumination and bunting last night for the Eve of the Feast of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, there were two murders before 12 o'clock.

While Mrs. Viola Montefreda of 503 East 116th street was walking in East 114th street, in front of 431 a man attacked her with a knife and cut her about the neck, the shoulders and the arms. She was unable to give a description of him. At the Harlem Hospital it was said her wounds seemed to be mortal.

FIGHT OVER CHURCH NAME OUSTS EDITOR

The Rev. Mr. Gwyn Leaves "The Churchman," the Low Church Organ.

COUNSELLOR ALSO QUILTS

Opposition to Change Proposed by High Church Weakly Voiced, It Is Said.

The Churchman, the New York weekly publication which represents the Protestant Episcopal Church, lost its editor, the Rev. Herbert B. Gwyn, yesterday. His sudden resignation was accompanied by that of the Rev. Dr. Milo H. Gates, vicar of Intercession Chapel of Trinity Parish, who has been a member of the council of advice, said to be the governing board of the paper.

The Churchman has been depended upon to champion the cause of the opposition to a change in the denominational name to the American Catholic Church. The sudden resignations, it is said, are due to the disappointment of the low church element at the weakness of their organ in the bitter controversy that has been waged over the proposed change of name.

The places of the editor and the editorial adviser were filled at once by men who stand firm for the present name or Protestant Episcopal. Mr. Gwyn, whose editorial policy failed to satisfy the uncompromising standpatters and the members of the Protestant League, left a Chicago parish only a few months ago to take charge of the Churchman. He will now return to the pulpit.

The Rev. Mr. Gilbert to Take Charge.

The Rev. Charles K. Gilbert, secretary of the New York Diocese Social Service Commission, has been asked to take charge of the paper for the present, and has consented. The chairman of the same social service commission, and said to have been the chief backer of Mr. Gilbert, is the Rev. Dr. A. G. Cummins of Poughkeepsie, who invited the Order of the Holy Cross, which has a monastery near Poughkeepsie, and other high church people to get out of the Episcopal Church and join the Roman Catholic, where he said they belong.

W. B. Parker, manager of the Churchman, confirmed the report that Mr. Gwyn had resigned, but refused to give the cause or to name his successor.

Mr. Gilbert said that he had been invited to do editorial work for the present, but added that he had not been asked to become editor and would not accept the position.

The Churchman is privately owned by a number of New York Episcopal clergymen and laymen. Under the former management of Silas McBee the paper fought Trinity parish about St. John's Chapel and for other causes, and said things concerning Bishop Greer's course which many resented. Trinity clergymen helped to buy the paper last year and start the new venture.

THE LOW CHURCH ORGAN.

But far beyond the financial and editorial fortunes of the newspaper is the fight over the proposed change of name from Protestant Episcopal to "American Catholic." The controversy is one of the bitterest in many years and the Churchman is depended on to keep up the Low Church end. The High Church view is voiced vigorously by the Living Church of Milwaukee.

There is a smaller paper representing the South, the Southern Churchman, but the two great contestants are the New York and Milwaukee organs.

A conservative Episcopal Church leader of this city said yesterday: "The present is one of the most critical periods in the history of the Episcopal Church. The central question is less than three months off, when the attempt will be made in it to force us to become the American Catholic Church. If the Church carries it will split the Episcopal Church without a doubt."

"From Milwaukee come weekly able blasts from the High Church side. We have depended upon the Churchman, if we break down a bear jump I hardly know where we are. Our side must have some organ to present its cause or the change will come sure."

The Rev. Mr. Gwyn has gone to Maine and therefore could not be asked his reasons for resigning. It was understood, however, that the Low Church people have been dissatisfied with the campaign waged by the paper in behalf of retention of the present name of the Church.

The Protestant League of this city says that it will retain the words Protestant Episcopal if it has to set up a new church on a bear jump. It has given names parishes in this city that will go out with it. So far as can be discovered there is no letup by the High Church people in their demand for the change of name.

Three men well known in financial circles, and as prominent Episcopal laymen, are officers of the Churchman Company. They are George Zablocki, president; Francis C. Huntington, a son of the late Rev. Dr. Huntington, secretary, and William Edmond Curtis, a vestryman of St. George's, treasurer. Other laymen in the directorate are George F. Crane and John M. Glenn, secretary of the Sage Foundation. The clergymen on the board are the Rev. Dr. W. Douglas, a canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine; the Rev. John Mockridge of Trinity Chapel; the Rev. Howard C. Robbins of the Church of the Incarnation; the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery of Grace Church and the Rev. George Alexander Strong, lately resigned as rector of Christ Church.

KEENE SUES FOR LIQUOR BILL.

Foxhall P. Keene, son of the late James R. Keene, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday in behalf of John Harvey & Sons, Ltd., liquor dealers of Bristol, England.

The complaint asks \$200 on the ground that this amount was due the liquor dealers on March 17, 1910.

LOWELL FLIES IN AIRSHIP.

Harvard's President Says It Was "Wonderful and Thrilling."

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. HARVARD, July 14.—President Lowell of Harvard University made a trip in a Zepplin airship to-day. He said the experience was wonderful and thrilling.

KILLED BY BOAT'S PROPELLER.

Heavy Sea Tosses Man Overboard Upon Whirling Blades.

BRIELLE, N. J., July 14.—Thomas Hayes of this place was tossed by a heavy sea from a motor boat in which he was entering the Manasquan River inlet to-day, struck on the head by the propeller and killed. His body was picked up by James Mount half an hour later.

Mr. Hayes was an enthusiastic yachtsman and the father of Edwin B. Hayes, commodore of the Manasquan River Yacht Club. He was 70 years old.

DOGS RESCUE DROWNING GIRL.

Plunge Into Water on Hearing Child's Cry of Distress.

PATHTOWN, L. I., July 14.—Two collie dogs, Ned and Jip, belonging to ten-year-old May Heimroth, daughter of Peter Heimroth, saved her from drowning yesterday when she stepped into a deep hole in the Great South Bay.

Her uncle, George Heimroth, who stood on the dock, could not swim, but plunged in after her and it looked to the frightened spectators as though both would drown. The two dogs, however, leaped into the water at the sound of their little mistress's voice and swam to where she and her uncle were floundering about. May seized Jip's collar and was dragged to shore by the dog. Her uncle was pulled out by bystanders.

FLOOD ENGULFS A TRAIN.

Passengers Taken Out of Cars Through Roofs in Ohio.

MARIETTA, Ohio, July 14.—A flood that has assumed the proportions of the one in March holds this vicinity in its grasp to-night. The entire valley is under water and the Muskingum River and Duck Creek are running over their banks as the result of a cloudburst near Zanesville this morning.

A Pennsylvania passenger train which left this city in the morning was stalled at Stanleyville, seven miles from Marietta, on Duck Creek. The waters rose at an alarming rate and it was necessary to remove the twenty-five passengers by cutting holes in the roofs of the cars.

The fire in the locomotive was put out before the engineer could reverse his engine and start back. A small johnboat was used to carry the passengers from the train to high land. When the party left the scene the train had entirely disappeared from view.

SUICIDE AT MRS. F. J. SHEPARD'S.

Groom Turned on Gas—Third Death Since Her Marriage.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 14.—Fred Schneering, a groom employed by Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, committed suicide at Lyndhurst last night while Mr. and Mrs. Shepard were in New Haven visiting Mr. Shepard's mother. He went to his room, turned on the gas and was found unconscious by his roommate.

He was taken to the Tarrytown Hospital, where he died this morning. This is the third death at Lyndhurst since Mrs. Shepard's marriage about six months ago. First her superintendent died of a cold contracted at the wedding, then an old workman fell from a ladder and broke his neck.

Schneering feared tuberculosis.

JUDGE A FAN; CAUGHT A LIAR.

Prisoner Said He Was Montreal's Shortstop and Got 30 Days.

Judge Charles F. X. O'Brien of the Second Criminal Court of Jersey City has been a great baseball fan all his life, but he never knew it would help him solve a knotty legal problem.

George Boylan of 321 Grove street, Jersey City, was arraigned before Judge O'Brien yesterday, charged with having stolen his father's watch and pawned it in Bayonne for \$30.

"What do you do for a living?" asked Judge O'Brien.

"I'm a ball player," said Boylan.

"What teams did you play on?" queried the Judge.

"I play shortstop on the Montrealers in the International League," said young Boylan.

"No, you don't," said the Judge. "The only shortstops the Montrealers have played this year are Bennie Purcell and Jimmy Esmond. If you're about that in court you'd better lie about the watch. Thirty days."

RIOT IN LEXINGTON CAR STRIKE.

Twenty-five Persons Hurt and State Troops Are Requested.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 14.—The first attempt of the street car company to operate its cars since Friday, when the carmen went on strike, resulted to-day in a riot in which more than twenty-five persons, including three deputy sheriffs, were injured. One car was burned, many arrests were made and an appeal was sent to Gov. McCreary for troops.

The cars were manned with strike breakers, who were dragged off the cars as they reached the centre of town, and in several instances were stripped of their clothing.

During the disorder weapons in the hands of the officers had no effect on the rioters, who seized revolvers as soon as they were drawn. The car centre transfer station was demolished.

Lieut. Gov. McDermott arrived this afternoon to take charge of the situation.

HORSE KILLS TODDLING BABY.

<